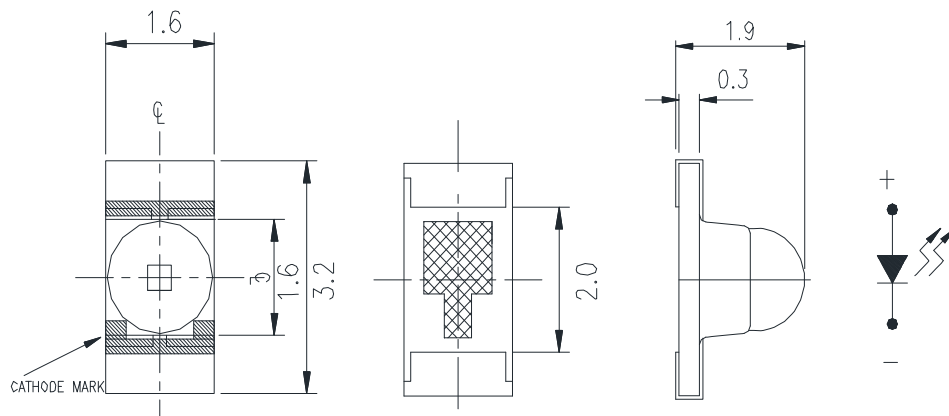


**Features**

- 3.2mm\*1.6mm SMT LED, Super thin (1.90H mm)
- Low Power Consumption
- Wide Viewing Angle
- Various Colors
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow and wave solder process.
- Meet ROHS Green Product
- Package: 3000pcs/Reel
- Reverse Mount

**Applications**

- Backlight and Indicator

**Package Dime****Notes:**

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$  (.0079") unless otherwise noted.
3. Specifications are subject to change without notice
4. This drawing is only for indication, not as a basis for the actual structure.



### Selection Guide

Part No	Lens Type	Dice	Emitted Color
FSL-3216190Y-KARNZPR	Water Clear	AlInGaP	Yellow

### Electrical / Optical Characteristics At Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Iv	Luminous Intensity	240	400		mcd	IF=20mA
2θ1/2	Viewing Angle		50		deg	IF=20mA
λ Peak	Peak Emission Wavelength		591		nm	IF=20mA
λ d	Dominant Wavelength		589		nm	IF=20mA
△λ	Spectral Line Half-Width		15		nm	IF=20mA
VF	Forward Voltage	1.7	2.2	2.4	V	IF=20mA
IR	Reverse Current			10	μ A	VR 5V

Note:

1. θ1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 optical centerline value

### Absolute Maximum Ratings At Ta=25°C

Parameter	Yellow	Unit
Power Dissipation	75	mW
Peak Forward Current[1]	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	mA
Derating Linear From 25°C	0.4	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Electrostatic Discharge Threshold(HBM)	2000	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to + 85°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to + 85°C	
Soldering Condition	260°C For 5 Seconds	

Note:

1. 1/10DutyCycle, 0.1msPulseWidth

# Electrical Optical Characteristics Curves At Ta=25°C

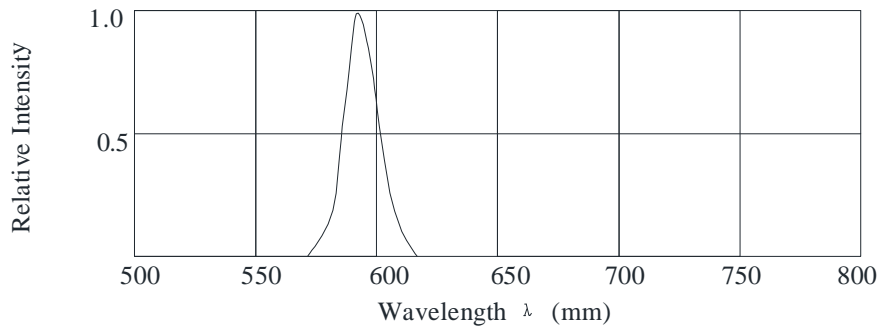


Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

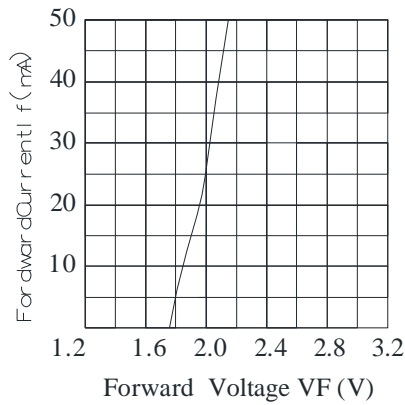


Fig.2 Forward Current VS. Forward Voltage

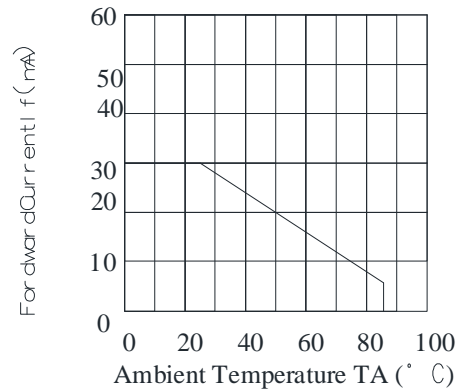


Fig.3 Forward Current Derating Curve

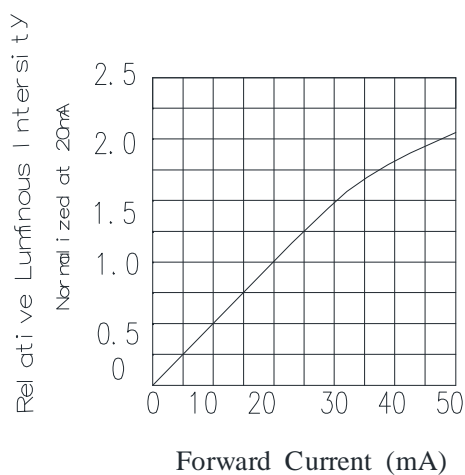


Fig.4 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

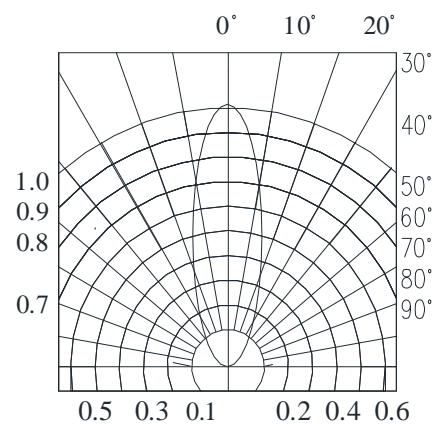
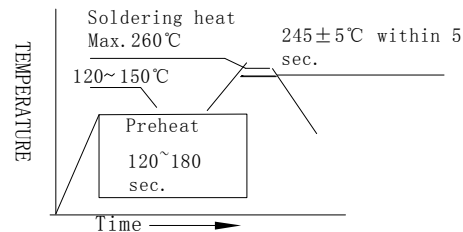


Fig.6 Spatial Distribution

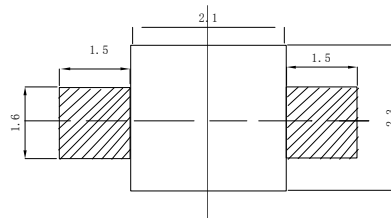
## SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions



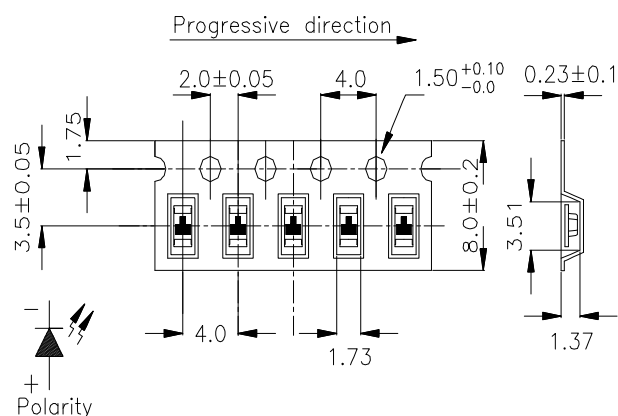
Notes:

1. Selles gives no other assurances regarding the ability of to withstand ESD. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.
2. Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
3. Do not stress LED when soldering, and do not warp the circuit board after soldering
4. While using Iron, Power dissipation of Iron should be smaller than 25W, and temperature should be controllable. The work should be finished within 2 sec under 320°C for once only.

## Recommended Soldering Pad Dimensions



### Package Specifications (Units: mm (inches))



Notes:

1. The LEDs should be used within a year.
2. The LEDs should be kept in 5~30°C and 60% RH for less.
3. The LEDs should be used within 24 hours, or else should be kept in 5~30°C and 30% RH or less. And LEDs should be used within 7 days after opening the package.



### Reliability Test Items Conditions

Classification	Test Item	Test Conditions	Test hours	Result
Endurance Test	Operation Life	Connect with a power $I_F=20\text{mA}$ $T_a=\text{Under room temperature}$	1000Hrs	0/22
	High Temperature High Humidity	$T_a=+65^\circ\text{C}\pm5^\circ\text{C}$ $\text{RH}=90\%-95\%$	240Hrs	0/20
	High Temperature Storage	High $T_a=+85^\circ\text{C}\pm5^\circ\text{C}$	1000Hrs	0/20
	Low Temperature Storage	Low $T_a=-35^\circ\text{C}\pm5^\circ\text{C}$ Test time=1000hrs	1000Hrs	0/20
Environmental Test	Temperature Cycling	$-45^\circ\text{C}\sim+105^\circ\text{C}$ 15min 5min 15min	300 Cycles	0/20
	Thermal Shock	$-35^\circ\text{C}\sim\pm5^\circ\text{C}\sim+85^\circ\text{C}\sim\pm5^\circ\text{C}$ 5min 10sec 5min	300 Cycles	0/20
	Solder Resistance	Preheating: $120^\circ\text{C}-150^\circ\text{C}$ , within 2 minutes. Operation heating : $260^\circ\text{C}(\text{Max.})$ , within 5 seconds(Max.)	5Cycles	0/20

### Judgment criteria of failure for the reliability

Measuring items	Symbol	Measuring conditions	Judgment criteria for failure
Forward voltage	$V_F(\text{V})$	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	Over $U\times1.2$
Reverse current	$I_R(\mu\text{A})$	$V_R=5\text{V}$	Over $U\times2$
Luminous intensity	$I_v(\text{mcd})$	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	Below $S\times0.5$

Note: 1.U means the upper limit of specified characteristics. S means initial value.

2.Measurement shall be taken between 2 hours after the test pieces have been returned to normal ambient conditions after completion of each test.